# **Somerset Regional Council**

# Charges Resolution (No.1) 2024

# 1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 This is a charges resolution ("resolution") made pursuant to section 113 of the *Planning Act* 2016 ("PA").
- 1.2 This resolution is attached to, but does not form part of, Somerset Regional Council's planning schemes (the "planning schemes") for the Somerset Region and the former Esk and Kilcoy Shires.
- 1.3 This resolution is structured as follows:

Section/ Attachment #	Name	Function
1.0	Introduction	Background, legal authorisation and timing, applicable areas and types of development that trigger charges calculation, definitions of relevant terms.
2.0	Adopted Charges	Details types of development that attract adopted charges, identifies adopted charges, and network apportionments.
3.0	Discounts	Identifies the discounts that will be taken into account in the calculation of a levied charge.
4.0	Calculation of the Levied Charge	Identifies method by which the levied charge will be worked out.
5.0	Payment Triggers	Identifies when a levied charge needs to be paid.
6.0	Automatic Increase Provision for Levied Charges	Identifies how a Levied Charge is to be increased to the date it is paid.
7.0	Conversion Applications	Identifies Council's requirements for making a conversion application and the process of assessing and deciding the conversion application.
8.0	Offsets and Refunds for Trunk Infrastructure	Identifies method for determining the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure, the process for reconciling an offset or refund, and the timing of refunds.
9.0	Adopted Charges Reductions for Eligible Community Organisations	Identifies eligible community organisations that may be eligible for a reduction in levied charges and the process for calculating the reduction.
Attachment 1	Definitions of Trunk Infrastructure	Identifies definitions for trunk infrastructure networks used to assess conversion applications.
Attachment 2	Methodology for determining the Final Contract Value for Trunk Infrastructure Works	Outlines the default methodology for determining the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure works.
Attachment 3	Breakup Agreement	Outlines the charges breakup between Council and the Distributor-Retailer (Urban Utilities).

1.4 This resolution seeks to implement the requirements of the *Planning Act 2016*. The resolution has effect on and from **19 August 2024**.

- 1.5 This resolution adopts a charge (each an "adopted charge") for particular development that is equal to or less than the maximum adopted charge prescribed within the *Planning Regulation* 2017. **Table 1(A), 1(B) and 1(C)** identify the relationship between the planning scheme use types and classes of development to which the adopted charges apply.
- 1.6 This resolution covers all of the local government area.
- 1.7 The Priority infrastructure area ("PIA") identifies the areas which are prioritised to accommodate urban growth up to 2026 to ensure the efficient delivery of infrastructure, and is identified in the Local government infrastructure plan.
- 1.8 Trunk infrastructure items for the transport, public parks and community lands, and stormwater networks (the "local government trunk infrastructure networks") are identified in the Local government infrastructure plan and are described in Attachment 1.
  - The desired standards of service, plans for trunk infrastructure, and establishment costs of trunk infrastructure for the transport, public parks and community lands, and stormwater networks are identified within the Local government infrastructure plan.
- 1.9 Under the *Planning Act 2016*, an adopted charge may be levied for the trunk infrastructure that is planned to serve the premises on which development is undertaken.

The types of development that trigger the levying of an adopted charge under this charges resolution are:

- (a) reconfiguring a lot; and
- (b) material change of use of premises; and
- (c) building work.

## 1.10 Interpretation

In this resolution:

**adopted charge** means the charge to be applied for the purpose of calculating the levied charge as stated in section 2.0. (Adopted charge).

**bedroom** for purposes of determining the charge for Accommodation (short term) and Accommodation (long term) is that part of a room containing a bed (regardless of its size), e.g. a room containing only one bed is a "bedroom" while a dormitory containing 4 separate beds is regarded as 4 "bedrooms".

In making a determination that an Accommodation (short term) or Accommodation (long term) building falls within the category of a "1 or 2 bedroom dwelling", the building must contain no more than 2 beds (regardless of their size) and each such building is taken to constitute a "dwelling" (Somerset Region Planning Scheme) or "dwelling unit" (Esk Shire Planning Scheme 2005 and Kilcoy Shire Council Planning Scheme 2006) for purposes of determining the applicable charge for the facility.

**Charge Area A** means the area within the urban footprint of the towns of Fernvale, Kilcoy, or Lowood.

Editors' note—For example, land within the urban footprint at Woolmar or Winya is within the urban footprint of the town of Kilcoy and therefore within Charge Area A.

Charge Area B, means the area other than Charge Area A.

**court area** means the area of premises where the leisure, sport or recreation activity is conducted and excludes the area of the premises not used for conducting the leisure, sport or recreation activity, such as areas for spectators, office or administration, amenities or food and beverages.

**discount** means the assessed demand for an existing use right prior to the development application to be applied within the calculation an adopted infrastructure charge which acknowledges the existing usage of the trunk infrastructure networks by the premises and reduces the charges accordingly as stated in section 3.0 (Discounts).

*distributor-retailer* means the Central SEQ Distributor-retailer Authority, trading as Urban Utilities.

**dwelling** for purposes of determining the adopted charge for residential development has the meaning given to that term in the Somerset Region Planning Scheme.

**dwelling unit** for purposes of determining the adopted charge for residential development has the meaning given to that term in the respective Planning Schemes for the former Esk and Kilcoy Shires.

**gross floor area** (GFA) for purposes of determining Council's adopted charge has the meaning given to that term in the *Planning Regulation 2017*.

*impervious area* for the purposes of determining Council's adopted charge has the meaning given to that term in the *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual* (QUDM).

infrastructure charges notice see schedule 2 (Dictionary) of the Planning Act 2016.

lawful use see schedule 2 (Dictionary) of the Planning Act 2016.

**levied charge** means the charge levied on an applicant through an infrastructure charges notice in accordance with section 119 of the *Planning Act 2016*, worked out by applying the provisions of this Charges Resolution.

**Local government infrastructure plan (LGIP)** means Part 4 and Schedule 3 of the Somerset Region Planning Scheme.

Local government trunk infrastructure networks see section 1.8.

maximum adopted charge see schedule 2 (Dictionary) of the Planning Act 2016.

**offsets** relate to works and land contributions concerning trunk infrastructure that is deemed to be eligible for off-set against adopted charges.

**planning scheme** means the Somerset Region Planning Scheme and the former Esk and Kilcoy Shire Council Planning Schemes.

**producer price index (PPI)** means the producer price index for construction 6427.0 (ABS PPI) index number 3101 – Road and Bridge Construction index for Queensland published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

**3-yearly PPI index average** is defined in section 114 of the *Planning Act 2016* and means the PPI adjusted according to the 3-year moving average quarterly percentage change between financial quarters.

**schedule of works** means the schedule of works for existing and future trunk infrastructure as identified in Local government infrastructure plan.

**suite** means a single room or a set of connecting rooms that can operate as a single occupancy or single tenancy.

**urban footprint** has the meaning given to SEQ Urban Footprint as defined in the *Planning Regulation 2017*.

Table 1(A) Former Esk Shire						
Planning scheme use types to which adopted charges apply						
	Classes of development to					
Planning scheme use types	which adopted charges apply					
House, Multiple Dwelling, (unit, duplex, apartment),	Residential					
Caretaker's Residence						
Hotel (residential components), Motel, Caravan Park, Host	Accommodation (Short term)					
Home Accommodation						
Caravan Park, Multiple Dwelling (retirement village, nursing	Accommodation (Long term)					
home, aged care accommodation, hostel)						
Community Facilities (Church)	Places of Assembly					
Commercial Premises (showrooms, produce stores, retail	Commercial (Bulk goods)					
warehouses), Plant Nursery, Warehouse						
Commercial Premises (shops, restaurants, take away food	Commercial (Retail)					
premises, kiosk), Service Station						
Commercial Premises (offices)	Commercial (Office)					
Community Facilities (education uses)	Educational Facility					
Hotel (non residential component), Indoor Entertainment	Entertainment					
(entertainment facilities)						
Indoor Entertainment (sporting facilities)	Indoor Sport and Recreation					
Low & Medium Impact Industries, Transport Depot	Other Industry					
High Impact Industry	High Impact Industry					
Agriculture, Animal Husbandry, Forestry, Stable	Low Impact Rural					
Aquaculture, Intensive Animal Husbandry, Cattery, Kennel	High Impact Rural					
Commercial Premises (veterinary establishments),	Essential Services					
Community Facilities (hospital, ambulance, fire brigade,						
police stations & emergency services)						
Extractive Industry, Outdoor Entertainment, Rural Industry,	Specialised uses					
Utilities-local, Utilities- public						
Home Based Business, Advertising Sign, Relatives	Minor uses					
Apartment						

Table 1(B) Former Kilcoy Shire						
Planning scheme use types to which adopted charges apply						
Planning scheme use types	Classes of development to					
	which adopted charges apply					
Caretaker's Residence, Dwelling House, Residential	Residential					
Premises (accommodation unit, apartment, duplex, dwelling						
house, multiple dwelling house, townhouse)						
Residential Premises (Motel, Commercial Facilities (hotel	Accommodation (Short term)					
residential component), Holiday Cabin Development, Host						
Premises						
Caravan Park, Residential Premises (hostel, boarding house)	Accommodation (Long term)					
Commercial Facilities (Licensed Club, Reception Rooms),	Places of Assembly					
Community Activities (social, cultural, religious and						
community services)						
Commercial Facilities (bulk store, warehouse, car hire	Commercial (Bulk goods)					
premises, showroom), Plant Nursery						
Commercial Facilities (laundry, markets, shop, shopping	Commercial (Retail)					
centre, supermarket) Local Store, Refreshment Premises,						
Service Station						
Commercial Facilities (office)	Commercial (Office)					
Community Activities (educational services), Child Care	Educational Facility					
Centre						
Commercial Facilities (hotel), Indoor Entertainment	Entertainment					
Recreational Use (indoor)	Indoor Sport and Recreation					
Low Impact Industry, Medium Impact Industry, Service Industry	Other Industry					
High Impact Industry	High Impact Industry					
Agriculture, Animal Husbandry, Stable	Low Impact Rural					
Intensive Rural Use, Cattery, Kennel	High Impact Rural					
Commercial Facilities (medical centre), Community Activities	Essential Services					
(hospital, ambulance, fire brigade, police stations and						
emergency services and the like), Public Utility, Veterinary						
Premises						
Extractive Industry, Tourist Attraction, Recreational Use	Specialised uses					
(outdoor), Rural Industry						
Home Business, Relatives Apartment	Minor uses					

Planning scheme use types to which adopted charges apply  Classes of development to which adopted charges apply  Caretaker's accommodation, Dual occupancy, Dwelling house, Dwelling unit, Multiple dwelling  Hotel (accommodation components), Nature based tourism (accommodation components), Party house, Resort complex (accommodation components), Short-term accommodation, Tourist park  Community residence, Relocatable home park, Retirement facility, Rooming accommodation  Club, Community use, Function facility, Funeral parlour, Places of worship  Agricultural supplies store, Bulk landscape supplies, Garden centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales, Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office  Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  Animal husbandry, Cropping, Permanent plantation, Wind  Classes of development to which adopted charges apply  Residential  Accommodation (Short term)  Accommodation (Short term)  Accommodation (Long term)  Accommodation (Long term)  Flaces of Assembly  Commercial (Bulk goods)  Commercial (Bulk goods)  Commercial (Retail)  Commercial (Retail)  Entertainment  Indoor Sport and Recreation  Other Industry  High Impact Industry  Animal husbandry, Cropping, Permanent plantation, Wind  Low Impact Rural	Table 1(C) Somerset Region						
Planning scheme use types  Caretaker's accommodation, Dual occupancy, Dwelling house, Dwelling unit, Multiple dwelling  Hotel (accommodation components), Nature based tourism (accommodation components), Party house, Resort complex (accommodation components), Short-term accommodation, Tourist park  Community residence, Relocatable home park, Retirement facility, Rooming accommodation  Club, Community use, Function facility, Funeral parlour, Place of worship  Agricultural supplies store, Bulk landscape supplies, Garden centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales, Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office  Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact Industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	Planning scheme use types to which adopted charges apply						
Caretaker's accommodation, Dual occupancy, Dwelling house, Dwelling unit, Multiple dwelling Hotel (accommodation components), Nature based tourism (accommodation components), Party house, Resort complex (accommodation components), Short-term accommodation, Tourist park  Community residence, Relocatable home park, Retirement facility, Rooming accommodation Club, Community use, Function facility, Funeral parlour, Place of worship  Agricultural supplies store, Bulk landscape supplies, Garden centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales, Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office  Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry		Classes of development to					
house, Dwelling unit, Multiple dwelling Hotel (accommodation components), Nature based tourism (accommodation components), Party house, Resort complex (accommodation components), Short-term accommodation, Tourist park  Community residence, Relocatable home park, Retirement facility, Rooming accommodation  Club, Community use, Function facility, Funeral parlour, Place of worship  Agricultural supplies store, Bulk landscape supplies, Garden centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales, Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office  Commercial (Office)  Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	Planning scheme use types	which adopted charges apply					
Hotel (accommodation components), Nature based tourism (accommodation components), Party house, Resort complex (accommodation components), Short-term accommodation, Tourist park  Community residence, Relocatable home park, Retirement facility, Rooming accommodation Club, Community use, Function facility, Funeral parlour, Place of worship  Agricultural supplies store, Bulk landscape supplies, Garden centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales, Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office  Commercial (Office)  Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	Caretaker's accommodation, Dual occupancy, Dwelling	Residential					
(accommodation components), Party house, Resort complex (accommodation components), Short-term accommodation, Tourist park  Community residence, Relocatable home park, Retirement facility, Rooming accommodation  Club, Community use, Function facility, Funeral parlour, Place of worship  Agricultural supplies store, Bulk landscape supplies, Garden centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales, Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office  Commercial (Retail)  Commercial (Retail)  Educational Facility  establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	house, Dwelling unit, Multiple dwelling						
(accommodation components), Short-term accommodation, Tourist park  Community residence, Relocatable home park, Retirement facility, Rooming accommodation  Club, Community use, Function facility, Funeral parlour, Place of worship  Agricultural supplies store, Bulk landscape supplies, Garden centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales, Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office  Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  Accommodation (Long term)  Commercial (Bulk goods)  Commercial (Bulk goods)	Hotel (accommodation components), Nature based tourism	Accommodation (Short term)					
Tourist park  Community residence, Relocatable home park, Retirement facility, Rooming accommodation  Club, Community use, Function facility, Funeral parlour, Place of worship  Agricultural supplies store, Bulk landscape supplies, Garden centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales, Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office  Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  Accommodation (Long term)  Accommodation (Long term)  Accommodation (Long term)  Places of Assembly  Commercial (Bulk goods)  Commercial (Retail)  Educational Facility  Educational Facility  Entertainment  Indoor Sport and Recreation  Other Industry  High Impact Industry	(accommodation components), Party house, Resort complex						
Community residence, Relocatable home park, Retirement facility, Rooming accommodation  Club, Community use, Function facility, Funeral parlour, Place of worship  Agricultural supplies store, Bulk landscape supplies, Garden centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales, Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office  Commercial (Retail)  Commercial (Office)  Educational Facility  establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	(accommodation components), Short-term accommodation,						
facility, Rooming accommodation  Club, Community use, Function facility, Funeral parlour, Place of worship  Agricultural supplies store, Bulk landscape supplies, Garden centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales, Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office  Commercial (Office)  Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	Tourist park						
Club, Community use, Function facility, Funeral parlour, Place of worship  Agricultural supplies store, Bulk landscape supplies, Garden centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales, Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office  Commercial (Retail)  Commercial (Office)  Educational Facility establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	Community residence, Relocatable home park, Retirement	Accommodation (Long term)					
Place of worship  Agricultural supplies store, Bulk landscape supplies, Garden centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales, Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office  Commercial (Retail)  Commercial (Office)  Educational Facility  establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	facility, Rooming accommodation						
Agricultural supplies store, Bulk landscape supplies, Garden centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales, Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service Commercial (Retail) industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office Commercial (Office) Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	Club, Community use, Function facility, Funeral parlour,	Places of Assembly					
centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales, Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office  Commercial (Office)  Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	Place of worship						
Showroom  Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office  Commercial (Office)  Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	Agricultural supplies store, Bulk landscape supplies, Garden	Commercial (Bulk goods)					
Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office Commercial (Office) Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	centre, Hardware and trade supplies, Outdoor sales,						
industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre  Office, Sales office Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational Educational Facility establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	Showroom						
Office, Sales office Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	Adult store, Car wash, Food and drink outlet, Service	Commercial (Retail)					
Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	industry, Service station, Shop, Shopping centre						
establishment  Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	Office, Sales office	Commercial (Office)					
Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component), Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre Indoor sport and recreation Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse High impact industry, Special industry High Impact Industry	Childcare centre, Community care centre, Educational	Educational Facility					
Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	establishment						
accommodation component), Theatre  Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry,  Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	Bar, Brothel, Hotel (other than accommodation component),	Entertainment					
Indoor sport and recreation  Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	Nightclub entertainment facility, Resort complex (other than						
Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse High impact industry, Special industry High Impact Industry	accommodation component), Theatre						
industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry, Transport depot, Warehouse High impact industry, Special industry High Impact Industry	Indoor sport and recreation	Indoor Sport and Recreation					
Transport depot, Warehouse  High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	Low impact industry, Marine industry, Medium impact	Other Industry					
High impact industry, Special industry  High Impact Industry	industry, Research and technology industry, Rural industry,						
	Transport depot, Warehouse						
Animal husbandry, Cropping, Permanent plantation, Wind Low Impact Rural	High impact industry, Special industry	High Impact Industry					
7. 11 3.	Animal husbandry, Cropping, Permanent plantation, Wind	Low Impact Rural					
farm	farm						
Animal keeping (for a cattery or kennel), Aquaculture, High Impact Rural	Animal keeping (for a cattery or kennel), Aquaculture,	High Impact Rural					
Intensive animal industry, Intensive horticulture, Wholesale	Intensive animal industry, Intensive horticulture, Wholesale						
nursery, Winery	nursery, Winery						
Detention facility, Emergency services, Health care services, Essential Services	Detention facility, Emergency services, Health care services,	Essential Services					
Hospital, Residential care facility, Substation, Veterinary	Hospital, Residential care facility, Substation, Veterinary						
services	services						

Air services, Animal keeping (other than for cattery or	Specialised uses
kennel), Crematorium, Environment facility, Extractive	
industry, Major electricity infrastructure, Major sport,	
recreation and entertainment facility, Motorsport facility,	
Nature based tourism (other than accommodation	
component), Non-resident workers accommodation, Outdoor	
sport and recreation, Outstation, Parking station, Port	
service, Renewable energy facility, Rural workers	
accommodation, Tourist attraction, Utility installation	
Cemetery, Home based business, Landing, Market, Park,	Minor uses
Roadside stall, Telecommunications facility, Temporary use	

# 2.0 Adopted Charges

- 2.1 Adopted charges under this resolution have effect on and from the day that this resolution takes effect.
- 2.2 **Table 2** identifies Council's adopted charges for the local government trunk infrastructure networks for development under this charges resolution.
- 2.3 This resolution adopts different charges within different parts of the local government area (each a charge area) for some charge categories. Table 2 identifies where the adopted charges vary by charge area. The charges areas are defined in section 1.10.
- 2.4 The distributor-retailer may levy adopted charges for the water supply and sewerage networks under the distributor-retailer's Netserv Plan.
- 2.5 The proportional allocation of the maximum adopted charges under the *Planning Regulation* 2017 between Council and the distributor-retailer (the charges break-up) is specified in Attachment 3.
- 2.6 Development exempt from adopted charges
- 2.6.1 Adopted charges for the local government trunk infrastructure networks do not apply to:
  - (a) development identified in section 113(3) of the Planning Act; or
  - (b) development that is reconfiguring a lot:
    - (i) for a lot that is transferred to Council, the distributor-retailer, or the Crown for public purposes, park, or stormwater/drainage; or
    - (ii) for a boundary realignment only; or
  - (c) development that is material change of use or building works for a dwelling house (secondary dwelling).

## 2.7 Reconfiguring a lot

- 2.7.1 For the purpose of determining a charge for reconfiguring a lot, each lot within a Town Zone (Residential Precinct), Town Zone (Park Residential Precinct), Village Zone, Park Residential Zone, Residential Zone, General Residential Zone, General Residential Zone (Park Residential Precinct), Township Zone, Rural Residential Zone, and each lot approved for residential purposes in an Emerging Community Zone or Rural Zone is taken to be equivalent to residential development for a 3 or more bedroom dwelling in the relevant charge area.
- 2.7.2 To avoid any doubt, a balance lot created in a reconfiguring a lot for residential development will be included in the calculation of the levied charge.
- 2.8 Specialised and undefined uses
- 2.8.1 Where development is for a use that is listed as a specialised use or an undefined use, Council will determine the most appropriate equivalent use charging category from **Table**1(A), 1(B), and 1(C) to apply to the development to calculate the levied charge in accordance with **Table 2**.
- 2.9 Stormwater network
- 2.9.1 An adopted charge for the stormwater network will only apply to land within the Urban Footprint.

- 2.10 Public parks and community land network
- 2.10.1 An adopted charge for the public parks and community land network will not apply to land within the Remainder of shire public parks and community land catchment (PPCL6) as shown on the Local government infrastructure plan maps.

**Table 2: Adopted Charges** 

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	
				Adopted charge				
Charge category	Prescribed amo		Charge area	Stormwater network	Public parks and community land network	Transport network	Demand unit	
	(\$ per regulated demand unit)	(regulated demand unit)		(\$ per demand unit)	(\$ per demand unit)	(\$ per demand unit)		
Residential uses	\$24,609.05	each dwelling with 2 or less bedrooms	Charge Area A	\$3,364.00	\$5,079.00	\$3,556.00	each dwelling with 2 or less bedrooms	
Residential uses	\$24,609.05	each dwelling with 2 or less bedrooms	Charge Area B	\$2,501.00	\$3,775.00	\$2,643.00	each dwelling with 2 or less bedrooms	
Residential uses	\$34,452.65	each dwelling with 3 or more bedrooms	Charge Area A	\$4,721.00	\$7,128.00	\$4,991.00	each dwelling with 3 or more bedrooms	
Residential uses	\$34,452.65	each dwelling with 3 or more bedrooms	Charge Area B	\$2,501.00	\$3,775.00	\$2,643.00	each dwelling with 3 or more bedrooms	
Accommodation (short-term)	\$12,304.45	each group of 2 sites or less	All Charge Areas	\$247.00	\$0.00	\$871.00	each tent, caravan or similar site in a tourist park	
Accommodation (short-term)	\$17,226.20	each group of 3 sites	All Charge Areas	\$247.00	\$0.00	\$871.00	each tent, caravan or similar site in a tourist park	
Accommodation (short-term)	\$12,304.45	each cabin with 2 or less bedrooms	All Charge Areas	\$247.00	\$0.00	\$871.00	each cabin with 2 or less bedrooms in a tourist park	
Accommodation (short-term)	\$17,226.20	each cabin with 3 or more bedrooms	All Charge Areas	\$247.00	\$0.00	\$871.00	each cabin with 3 or more bedrooms in a tourist park	

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8		
						Adopted charge			
Charge category		unts as at 1 July 24	Charge area	Stormwater network	Public parks and community land network	Transport network	Demand unit		
	(\$ per regulated demand unit)	(regulated demand unit)		(\$ per demand unit)	(\$ per demand unit)	(\$ per demand unit)			
Accommodation (short-term)	\$12,304.45	each suite with 2 or less bedrooms	All Charge Areas	\$247.00	\$0.00	\$871.00	each suite with 2 or less bedrooms		
Accommodation (short-term)	\$17,226.20	each suite with 3 or more bedrooms	All Charge Areas	\$247.00	\$0.00	\$871.00	each suite with 3 or more bedrooms		
Accommodation (short-term)	\$12,304.45	each bedroom that is not part of a suite	All Charge Areas	\$247.00	\$0.00	\$871.00	each bedroom that is not part of a suite		
Accommodation (long-term)	\$24,609.05	each relocatable dwelling site for 2 or less bedrooms	Charge Area A	\$3,364.00	\$5,079.00	\$3,556.00	each relocatable dwelling site for 2 or less bedrooms		
Accommodation (long-term)	\$24,609.05	each relocatable dwelling site for 2 or less bedrooms	Charge Area B	\$2,501.00	\$3,775.00	\$2,643.00	each relocatable dwelling site for 2 or less bedrooms		
Accommodation (long-term)	\$34,452.65	each relocatable dwelling site for 3 or more bedrooms	Charge Area A	\$4,721.00	\$7,128.00	\$4,991.00	each relocatable dwelling site for 3 or more bedrooms		
Accommodation (long-term)	\$34,452.65	each relocatable dwelling site for 3 or more bedrooms	Charge Area B	\$2,501.00	\$3,775.00	\$2,643.00	each relocatable dwelling site for 3 or more bedrooms		
Accommodation (long-term)	\$24,609.05	each suite with 2 or less bedrooms	All Charge Areas	\$247.00	\$2,643.00	\$2,643.00	each suite with 2 or less bedrooms		

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	
				Adopted charge				
Charge category		unts as at 1 July 24	Charge area	Stormwater network	Public parks and community land network	Transport network	Demand unit	
	(\$ per regulated demand unit)	(regulated demand unit)		(\$ per demand unit)	(\$ per demand unit)	(\$ per demand unit)		
Accommodation (long-term)	\$34,452.65	each suite with 3 or more bedrooms	All Charge Areas	\$247.00	\$2,643.00	\$2,643.00	each suite with 3 or more bedrooms	
Accommodation (long-term)	\$24,609.05	each bedroom that is not part of a suite	All Charge Areas	\$247.00	\$2,643.00	\$2,643.00	each bedroom that is not part of a suite	
Places of assembly	\$86.20	each square metre of gross floor area	All Charge Areas	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$44.91	each square metre of gross floor area	
Places of assembly	\$12.30	each square metre impervious to stormwater	All Charge Areas	\$12.20	\$0.00	\$0.00	each square metre impervious to stormwater	
Commercial (bulk goods)	\$172.25	each square metre of gross floor area	All Charge Areas	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$56.14	each square metre of gross floor area	
Commercial (bulk goods)	\$12.30	each square metre impervious to stormwater	All Charge Areas	\$12.20	\$0.00	\$0.00	each square metre impervious to stormwater	
Commercial (retail)	\$221.50	each square metre of gross floor area	All Charge Areas	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$56.14	each square metre of gross floor area	
Commercial (retail)	\$12.30	each square metre impervious to stormwater	All Charge Areas	\$12.20	\$0.00	\$0.00	each square metre impervious to stormwater	
Commercial (office)	\$172.25	each square metre of gross floor area	All Charge Areas	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$13.70	each square metre of gross floor area	

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	
				Adopted charge				
Charge category		unts as at 1 July 24	Charge area	Stormwater network	Public parks and community land network	Transport network	Demand unit	
	(\$ per regulated demand unit)	(regulated demand unit)		(\$ per demand unit)	(\$ per demand unit)	(\$ per demand unit)		
Commercial (office)	\$12.30	each square metre impervious to stormwater	All Charge Areas	\$12.20	\$0.00	\$0.00	each square metre impervious to stormwater	
Educational facility	\$172.25	each square metre of gross floor area	All Charge Areas	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$56.14	each square metre of gross floor area	
Educational facility	\$12.30	each square metre impervious to stormwater	All Charge Areas	\$12.20	\$0.00	\$0.00	each square metre impervious to stormwater	
Entertainment	\$246.05	each square metre of gross floor area	All Charge Areas	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$56.14	each square metre of gross floor area	
Entertainment	\$12.30	each square metre impervious to stormwater	All Charge Areas	\$12.20	\$0.00	\$0.00	each square metre impervious to stormwater	
Indoor sport and recreation	\$246.05	each square metre of gross floor area, other than court areas	All Charge Areas	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$30.77	each square metre of gross floor area, other than court areas	
Indoor sport and recreation	\$24.55	each square metre of gross floor area that is court area	All Charge Areas	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$18.27	each square metre of gross floor area that is court area	
Indoor sport and recreation	\$12.30	each square metre impervious to stormwater	All Charge Areas	\$12.20	\$0.00	\$0.00	each square metre impervious to stormwater	

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	
				Adopted charge				
Charge category	Prescribed amou	•	Charge area	Stormwater network	Public parks and community land network	Transport network	Demand unit	
	(\$ per regulated demand unit)	(regulated demand unit)		(\$ per demand unit)	(\$ per demand unit)	(\$ per demand unit)		
High impact or special industry	\$86.20	each square metre of gross floor area	All Charge Areas	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$18.63	each square metre of gross floor area	
High impact or special industry	\$12.30	each square metre impervious to stormwater	All Charge Areas	\$12.20	\$0.00	\$0.00	each square metre impervious to stormwater	
Other industry	\$61.50	each square metre of gross floor area	All Charge Areas	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$18.63	each square metre of gross floor area	
Other industry	\$12.30	each square metre impervious to stormwater	All Charge Areas	\$12.20	\$0.00	\$0.00	each square metre impervious to stormwater	
High impact rural	\$24.55	each square metre of gross floor area	All Charge Areas	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$8.41	each square metre of gross floor area	
Low impact rural	Nil	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	
Essential services	\$172.25	each square metre of gross floor area	All Charge Areas	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$13.70	each square metre of gross floor area	
Essential services	\$12.30	each square metre impervious to stormwater	All Charge Areas	\$12.20	\$0.00	\$0.00	each square metre impervious to stormwater	
Minor uses	Nil	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	
Other uses		Refer to specialised uses and undefined uses						

#### 3.0 Discounts

- 3.1 In accordance with section 120 of the *Planning Act 2016*, a levied charge may be only for extra demand placed upon trunk infrastructure that will be generated by the development.
- 3.2 Discounts for existing demand will apply to the following:
  - (a) an existing use on the premises if the use is lawful and already taking place on the premises; or
  - (b) a previous use that is no longer taking place on the premises if the use was lawful at the time the use was carried out; or
  - (c) other development on the premises if the development may be lawfully carried out without the need for a further development permit, including a development permit for building work; or
  - (d) the relevant adopted charge for the lots that make up the land subject of the approval, to the extent that the adopted charge has not already been taken up by development on the land.
- 3.3 However, a discount will not apply if:
  - (a) an infrastructure requirement that applies, or applied to the use or development, has not been complied with; or
  - (b) for 3.2 (c)—an infrastructure requirement applies to the premises on which the development will be carried out, and the infrastructure requirement was imposed on the basis of development of a lower scale or intensity being carried out on the premises.
- 3.3 Discounts in Section 3.2 will be calculated in the same manner in which the relevant demand charge is calculated under Section 4.0. To avoid doubt, Council is only charging for the extra demand caused by the development.
- 3.4 If more than one type of discount under Section 3.2 is relevant to the premises:
  - (a) to the extent that such discount are mutually incompatible—a discount will only apply to the higher of the discounts; and
  - (b) otherwise—the discount shall be the sum of the relevant discounts.

Example 1—A premises that is two vacant lots shall receive the sum of the demand credits for two vacant lots.

Example 2—A premises that is currently lawfully used as an office that was previously lawfully used as a shop will attract a demand credit for commercial (retail) only (the higher demand credit of the two demand credits available), as the use of premises for both uses is mutually incompatible.

Example 3—A premises that is two vacant lots and a lot that is currently lawfully used for an office shall receive the sum of the demand credits for two vacant lots and the higher of the third lot or the use as an office.

- 3.5 Council may, in its discretion and subject to satisfactory evidence from an applicant, provide a demand credit for a previous headworks payment or levied charge payment that is surplus to the existing demand being placed on the local government trunk infrastructure networks.
- 3.6 Any discount calculated in accordance with Section 3.1 3.4 is to be allocated to the trunk infrastructure network to which the discount was accrued, unless otherwise determined under a separate infrastructure agreement between Council and the applicant.
- 3.7 Where the demand credit exceeds the development demand for the local government trunk infrastructure networks:
  - (a) it is taken that there is no additional demand placed on the local government trunk infrastructure networks;
  - (b) the initial levied charge is taken to be \$0.00; and

(c) no refund is provided.

#### 4.0 Calculation of the Levied Charge

- 4.1 The following steps identify the process to work out the levied charge for a development:
  - **Step 1** Determine the definition of the proposed development based upon the translation of Planning Scheme land use types refer to **Table 1(A), 1(B)** and **1(C)**.
  - **Step 2** Determine the development demand unit (e.g. m² GFA) and associated charge rate (i.e. \$/ demand unit) that may be levied for the proposed development refer to **Table 2**.

Should the area within which the site is located not be serviced, or is not planned to be serviced by a particular network(s) then such separate components of the charge shall be deducted from the total adopted charge payable.

- **Step 3** Determine any existing discount amount for each trunk infrastructure network currently servicing the premises as stated in Section 3.0
- **Step 4** Calculate the charge to be levied by subtracting the applicable discount amount from the proposed development charge amount for each trunk infrastructure network (in monetary value).
- 4.2 If the development is for building works or a material change of use that is for more than one use:
  - (a) to the extent that the development provides for an area that is able to be used for more than one use, or is common between two or more uses—the developed demand is to be calculated using the higher of the adopted charges for the relevant uses; and
  - (b) otherwise—the levied charge shall be worked out using the sum of the development demands and the relevant adopted charges.

Example 1—A development that involves a new building for 200m<sup>2</sup> GFA of office and 200m<sup>2</sup> GFA of shop shall have a development demand that is the sum of 200m<sup>2</sup> GFA commercial (office) and 200m<sup>2</sup> GFA commercial (retail).

Example 2—A development that involves a new building for 400m<sup>2</sup> GFA that is proposed to be used as either an office or a shop will attract a development demand for 400m<sup>2</sup> commercial (retail) only, as the higher development demand of the two relevant uses.

4.3 Should the levied charge calculated exceed the Council proportion of the maximum adopted charge under the breakup agreement, the initial levied charge will be set at the Council proportion of the maximum adopted charge stated in Table 2, allocated proportionally to the local government trunk infrastructure networks as shown in Table 2.

## 5.0 Payment Triggers

This section states when a levied charge is to be paid.

5.1 Levied charges are payable at the time outlined in section 122 of the Planning Act.

Editor's note—A levied charge becomes payable:

- (a) if the charge applies for reconfiguring a lot—when the local government that levied the charge approves a plan for the reconfiguration that, under the Land Title Act, is required to be given to the local government for approval; or
- (b) if the charge applies for building work—when the final inspection certificate for the building work, or the certificate of occupancy for the building, is given under the Building Act; or
- (c) if the charge applies for a material change of use—when the change happens; or
- (d) if the charge applies for other development—on the day stated in the infrastructure charges notice under which the charge is levied.
- 5.2 Despite 5.1, an infrastructure agreement may provide that levied charges are paid at an alternative time.

# 6.0 Automatic increase provision for levied charges

- A levied charge is to be automatically increased by the difference between the producer price index (PPI) applicable at the time the charge was levied, and the producer price index applicable at the time of payment of the levied charge<sup>1</sup>, adjusted by reference to the 3-yearly PPI Index Average<sup>2</sup>.
- 6.2 The amount of the levied charge increase in accordance with section 6.1 is not to exceed the maximum adopted charge the Council could have levied for the development at the time the charge is paid.
- 6.3 If the levied charge is increased in accordance with sections 6.1 and 6.2, the levied charge payable is the amount equal to the sum of the charge as levied and the amount of the increase.
- 6.4 To avoid any doubt, this section is an automatic increase provision under the Planning Act.

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> To be clear, the charge to be paid is the greater of the charge as levied by Council and the levied charge indexed using the Producer Price Index (adjusted by reference to the 3-yearly PPI Index Average) for the period starting on the day the charge is levied and ending on the day the charge is paid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 3-yearly PPI index average is defined in section 114 of the *Planning Act 2016* and means the PPI index smoothed in accordance with the 3-year moving average quarterly percentage change between quarters. PPI Index is the producer price index for construction 6427.0 (ABS PPI) index number 3101 – Road and Bridge construction index for Queensland published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

## 7.0 Conversion Applications

#### 7.1 Purpose

#### 7.1.1 This section applies where:

- A condition of a development approval under section 145 of PA requires non-trunk infrastructure to be provided; and
- b) The construction of the non-trunk infrastructure has not started; and
- c) The applicant for the development approval is seeking to apply to Council to convert the non-trunk infrastructure to trunk infrastructure (a conversion application).
- 7.1.2 Council's requirements for making an application and the process of assessing and deciding the conversion application is identified below.

## 7.2 Process for making a conversion application

# 7.2.1 A conversion application must:

- a) be in writing;
- b) be accompanied by the completed Council prescribed form for conversion applications (if applicable);
- c) relate to non-trunk infrastructure conditioned under section 145 of PA;
- be lodged with Council before construction of the relevant non-trunk infrastructure commences;
- e) be accompanied by supporting information including:
  - (i) Details of the relevant development approval including application number, property address and real property description;
  - (ii) The applicant's contact details;
  - (iii) The relevant condition(s) for non-trunk infrastructure imposed to which the conversion application relates;
  - (iv) A written statement that construction of the infrastructure had not commenced prior to the making of the conversion application;
  - (v) A description of the circumstances giving rise to the conversion application including supporting commentary and rationale that addresses Council's trunk infrastructure criteria;
  - (vi) Other relevant supporting information where available including:
    - Engineering estimates of works;
    - Preliminary design plans;
    - Network servicing analysis.
    - Details of special considerations (e.g. geographical context).

#### 7.3 Assessing and deciding a conversion application

- 7.3.1 The process of assessing and deciding a conversion application is as follows:
  - Council will assess the application having regard to its trunk infrastructure criteria (outlined below);
  - b) Council must consider and decide the application within the required period being 30 business days after:
    - (i) Generally the making of the application; or
    - (ii) If an information requirement is made the requirement is complied with.
  - c) Before making its decision, Council may give notice to the applicant requiring additional information for making the decision.
  - d) The notice must detail:
    - (i) The information required;
    - (ii) A period of at least 10 business days for giving the information;
    - (iii) That the application will lapse if the applicant does not comply with the notice within the specified period, or any later period as agreed between Council and the applicant within the specified period.
  - e) Council must, as soon as practicable after deciding the conversion application, give the applicant notice of its decision.
  - f) If the decision is to convert the non-trunk infrastructure to trunk infrastructure, the notice

- must state whether an offset or refund applies and if so, the details of an offset or refund.
- g) If the decision is to not convert the non-trunk infrastructure to trunk infrastructure, the notice must be an information notice that states:
  - (i) The decision and the reasons for it;
  - (ii) That its recipient may appeal against the decision; and
  - (iii) How the recipient may appeal.

#### 7.4 Effect of conversion

- 7.4.1 If Council's decision is to convert the non-trunk infrastructure to trunk infrastructure:
  - the condition of the relevant development approval requiring non-trunk infrastructure to be provided no longer has effect;
  - b) Council may, within 20 business days after making the decision, amend the development approval by imposing a necessary infrastructure condition for the trunk infrastructure; and
  - c) if the necessary infrastructure condition is imposed, Council will, within 10 business days after imposing the condition, give an infrastructure charges notice or amend, by notice to the applicant, any existing infrastructure charges notice for the development approval for the purposes of determining offset or refund requirements.

## 7.5 Trunk infrastructure criteria

- 7.5.1 The identified trunk infrastructure criteria for deciding whether or not to convert non-trunk infrastructure to trunk infrastructure are the following:
  - 1. The infrastructure is consistent with Council's Desired Standards of Service (DSS); and
  - 2. The infrastructure is identified in Council's plans for trunk infrastructure and schedule of works but is required in a different geographical location; or
  - 3. The infrastructure is consistent with Council's **Definitions of trunk infrastructure** identified in Attachment 1; or
  - 4. For infrastructure that is not consistent with Council's definitions of trunk infrastructure, the infrastructure is consistent with all of the following *trunk infrastructure principles*:
    - a) Facilitates development of other premises by enabling increased development or overcoming deficiencies in service through its provision; and
    - b) Reduces or eliminates unnecessary and interim staged infrastructure: and
    - c) Provides a critical shared link between multiple development sites and the defined and mapped trunk network; and
    - d) Would have been identified as 'trunk' infrastructure had the ultimate demand and development pattern been known in more detail at the time of developing the infrastructure plan; and
    - e) The type, size and location of the infrastructure is the most cost effective option for servicing multiple users in the area. The most effective option means the least cost option based upon the life cycle cost of the infrastructure required to service existing and future development in the area at the desired standards of service.

#### 8.0 Offsets and Refunds for Trunk Infrastructure

- 8.1 Application of an offset and refund
- 8.1.1 Unless otherwise provided for in an infrastructure agreement, this section applies where:
  - a) a development application has been conditioned to provide necessary trunk infrastructure;
     or
  - b) non-trunk infrastructure has been converted to trunk infrastructure through a conversion application; and
  - c) an adopted charge applies to the development.
- 8.1.2 Where the establishment cost for the trunk infrastructure is equal to or less than the levied charge, the cost will be offset against the levied charges (an **offset**).
- 8.1.3 Where the establishment cost for the trunk infrastructure is more than the levied charge and the trunk infrastructure has been provided:
  - a) there is no amount payable for the development approval; and
  - b) Council will provide a refund to the applicant for the difference between the establishment cost of the trunk infrastructure and the levied charge (a *refund*), in accordance with the provisions of this charges resolution.
- 8.1.4 The value, timing and reconciliation of payments may also be managed by an infrastructure agreement which may further specify or alter the provisions in this resolution including for staged development.
- 8.2 Determining the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure
- 8.2.1 The Infrastructure Charges Notice for a development approval may specify an establishment cost for trunk infrastructure that is the subject of a necessary trunk infrastructure condition.
- 8.2.2 The establishment cost in the Infrastructure Charges Notice is an indicative preliminary establishment cost only and will not be used as the basis for determining the value of an offset or refund unless agreed to under clause 8.2.6.
- 8.2.3 The establishment cost for trunk infrastructure works will be recalculated following detailed design and quantification of trunk infrastructure requirements to determine the Final Contract Value, in accordance with the processes outlined in Attachment2.
- 8.2.4 The establishment cost for trunk infrastructure that is land will be recalculated following confirmation of the land area to be dedicated based on the Council's nominal planned value of land identified in Table 3. The land value is to be indexed in line with the 3-yearly PPI Index Average, from the June 2014 to the date the levied charge becomes payable.
- 8.2.5 A final determination of whether a refund applies can only be made upon confirmation of the Final Contract Value and/or Land Value (as applicable).
- 8.2.6 Despite Clauses 8.2.3 to 8.2.5 Council, at its absolute discretion, may agree with the applicant to use an alternative establishment cost as the basis for determining the value of an offset or refund (*Agreed Value*). The agreed value may be specified in an ICN, Negotiated ICN, or Infrastructure Agreement.

Table 3 - Land Values

Table 5 – Lalia Values	Land Value \$/m <sup>2</sup>
Location	(June 2014)
Fernvale	\$63
Esk	\$38
Banks Creek	\$13
Lowood	\$63
Vernor	\$13
Toogoolawah	\$38
Coominya	\$13
Somerset Dam	\$38
Moore	\$13
Minden	\$13
Glamorgan Vale	\$13
Borallon	\$13
Wivenhoe Pocket	\$13
Colinton	\$13
Linville	\$13
Ottaba	\$13
Harlin	\$13
Woolmar	\$38
Kilcoy	\$38
Sheep Station Creek	\$38
Jimna	\$13
Winya	\$38

# 8.3 Reconciliation an offset or refund

- 8.3.1 An applicant entitled to an offset or refund for the trunk infrastructure contribution is to give to Council a notice in the prescribed form which states:
  - a) The date the fully completed trunk infrastructure was accepted 'On Maintenance'; or
  - b) The date Council accepted an Uncompleted Works Deed for uncompleted works.
- 8.3.2 Council will as soon as reasonably practicable after receiving a notice under section 8.3.1 confirm if the establishment cost is:
  - a) For an offset, less than the levied charge; or
  - b) For a refund, greater than the levied charge.
- 8.3.3 For the purposes of determining if an offset or refund applies, the levied charge is to be indexed from the date it was levied to date that the establishment cost was determined by Council, using the 3-yearly PPI Index average.
- 8.3.4 If an offset applies, Council is to set off the establishment cost against the levied charge when the levied charge stated in the infrastructure charges notice is payable.
- 8.3.5 If a refund applies, Council is to:
  - a) determine the value of the refund by subtracting the levied charge<sup>3</sup> from the establishment cost; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Indexed from the date it was levied to date that the establishment cost of the trunk infrastructure was confirmed by Council using the 3-yearly PPI Index average.

- b) give the refund to the applicant.
- 8.3.6 Council has adopted a policy position in relation to the form of the refund to be given to the applicant. Council's policy position is that the refund will be proved as either an:
  - a) Infrastructure demand credit, in the first instance and where agreed to with the applicant; or
  - b) Cash payment refund.

# 8.4 <u>Infrastructure demand credits</u>

- 8.4.1 In the first instance, Council will seek to provide a refund in the form of an Infrastructure demand credit through written agreement with the applicant. The following methods for assigning the demand credits will be applied in order of preference:
  - a) Where future stages are to be developed under the approval and the future stages will be subject to a levied charge; the refund is to be held as a demand credit on the land that is the subject of the future stages of development;
  - b) Where (a) does not apply, and the applicant or related entities of the applicant hold development approvals over other land in the Local Government Area that will be subject to a levied charge, the refund is to be held as a credit against the parcels of land the subject of the development approval(s);
  - c) Where (a) or (b) do not apply and the applicant or related entities of the applicant:
    - have development applications currently being assessed by Council in the Local Government Area that, if approved, would be subject to a levied charge;
       and
    - (ii) is the current owner of the land;

the refund is to be held as a credit against the land that is the subject of the development applications upon the application(s) being approved.

8.4.2 Demand credits are determined by dividing the monetary value of the refund by the total adopted charge rate for a 3-bedroom dwelling (for applicable networks only) in the charge area in which the demand credits are to be assigned. The value of one demand credit is the total adopted charge (for applicable networks) for a 3-bedroom dwelling in the charge area in which the credit is assigned.

#### Example:

- A refund of \$100,000 has been calculated for an approved development in the Esk Township.
- The refund is to be held on the land to be used in future stages of the same development.
- The adopted charge for a 3-bedroom dwelling in the Esk Township is \$5,085 (for Council networks).
- The demand credit is 19.6 3-bedroom dwellings equivalent in the Esk Township (\$100,000 / \$5,085) for Council networks.
- 8.4.3 Claiming Demand Credit The demand credits calculated in 8.4.2 are to be multiplied by the current adopted charge rate for a 3-bedroom dwelling in the charge area in which the demand credit was assigned. This amount can be used to reduce the amount of the levied charge that is payable for other development that is subject to the agreement.
- 8.5 Section not used

# 8.6 <u>Infrastructure Agreements</u>

- 8.6.1 Council, at is absolute discretion, may enter into an Infrastructure Agreement where alternatives to the above processes are being sought by an applicant or to address other matters including (but not limited to):
  - the method for determining the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure;

- the required charges or trunk infrastructure to be contributed for each component or hierarchy of the network;
- the timing of payment of levied charges;
- the nature and timing of offsets and refunds;
- the nature of any security to be lodged and the details of the use and release of such security;
- details of the trunk infrastructure to be provided and the provision program;
- details of the responsible entity for the funding, design and construction of the trunk infrastructure including land acquisition (if applicable);
- limited novation, assignment and rescission provisions to allow an alternate party to construct the same trunk infrastructure detailed in the agreement;
- provisions for unforseen delays and redundancy provisions where a development approval and trunk infrastructure construction activities are held in abeyance;
- any other details considered appropriate by the Council.

#### 9.0 Adopted Charges Reductions for Eligible Community Organisations

- 9.1 What are eligible community organisations
- 9.1.1 The following community organisations are eligible community organisations:
  - (a) a charitable organisation which is a charitable not-for-profit organisation registered with the Australian Charites and Not-for-profits Commission or Fair Trading Queensland and uses a volunteer or paid workforce;

Examples of a charitable organisation - Meals on Wheels, Australian Red Cross

 (b) a community-based organisation which is an incorporated not-for-profit association that relies primarily on membership fees, fundraising activities, volunteer labour and government grants;

Examples of a community-based organisation—welfare organisations, cultural organisations, indigenous organisations, environmental organisations, rescue organisations, scouts and guides, youth organisations, senior citizens clubs, public halls and men's sheds which may have a restricted liquor or gaming licence.

- (c) a sporting or recreation organisation which is an incorporated not-for-profit association that:
  - (i) is constituted to undertake a community-based sporting or recreation activity;
  - (ii) primarily relies on membership fees, games fees, fundraising activities and government grants;
  - (iii) depends mainly on unpaid volunteer labour; and
  - (iv) may have a restricted liquor or gaming licence;

Examples of a sporting or recreation organisation—Junior and senior sports clubs

- (d) a religious organisation which is recognised by the Australian Tax Office as being eligible for a charity tax concession;
- (e) a school which is recognised by the Queensland Department of Education and Training including a parents and citizens association associated with the school;
- (f) another not-for-profit organisation approved by the local government which:
  - (i) provides a service to the community; and
  - (ii) does not normally have an income stream or is otherwise able to demonstrate its status as non-profit through an external source such as the Australian Taxation Office.

# 9.2 <u>Eligibility criteria</u>

- 9.2.1 A charges reduction is available to eligible community organisations for developments that meet the following criteria:
  - (a) There is no profit or gain by individual members of the group;
  - (b) The organisations' constitution or governing documents prevent it from distributing profits or assets for the benefit of particular persons, both while it is operating and on winding up;
  - (c) Profits can still be incurred, but are used to carry out the purpose of the organisation or group;
  - (d) The organisation makes a vital contribution to the wider Somerset Region, through the provision of community programs and services;
  - (e) The applicant is the owner or approved user (with owner consent) of the premises that are the subject of the application.
- 9.2.2 A charges reduction is only available for the transport, public parks and community land, and stormwater networks.

# 9.3 Amount of reduction

9.3.1 The amount of the eligible community organisation charges reduction is as follows:

Purpose of development	Reduction
Construct new or extended community service, sporting, or recreation facilities (including sport/recreation amenities), but not including any liquor or gaming spaces	100%
Construct new or extended educational or religious facilities	50%
Construct new or extended facilities for the consumption of liquor or gaming	30%

# 9.4 <u>Timing of charges reduction</u>

- 9.4.1 A charges reduction will be calculated prior to the giving of the infrastructure charges notice.
- 9.4.2 An approved reduction to the levied charge is to apply at the time the payment of the levied charge is required.

# Attachment 1 - Definitions of Trunk Infrastructure

Network	System	Items
Stormwater management	Quantity	<ul> <li>Natural waterways</li> <li>Overland flow paths/channels (natural and constructed)</li> <li>Piped drainage (including pipes, culverts, manholes, inlets and outlets) Exclude items that have been included in the road network.</li> <li>Detention and retention facilities</li> <li>Trunk infrastructure excludes development infrastructure internal to a development or to connect a development to the external infrastructure network.</li> </ul>
	Quality	<ul> <li>Stormwater Quality Infrastructure Devices (SQIDs)</li> <li>Gross Pollutant Traps (GPTs)</li> <li>Wetlands</li> <li>Riparian corridors</li> <li>Bio-retention facilities</li> <li>Bank stabilisation, erosion protection and revegetation</li> <li>Trunk infrastructure excludes development infrastructure internal to a development or to approach to a development or to approach to a development.</li> </ul>
		connect a development to the external infrastructure network.
Transport	Local government and state controlled roads (separately identified)	<ul> <li>Arterial, sub-arterial and major collector roads</li> <li>State controlled roads</li> <li>Associated intersections, traffic lights, lighting, bridges, culverts, kerb and channel, local road drainage, pedestrian footpaths and cycleways (within the road reserve), on road cycleways, and basic revegetation on trunk roads.</li> </ul>
		Trunk infrastructure excludes development infrastructure internal to a development or to connect a development to the external infrastructure network.
Public parks and land for community facilities	Public parks	<ul> <li>Land, works and embellishments for local, district and local government—wide parks for formal and informal recreation and sporting purposes.</li> </ul>
	Other community facilities	Land and basic works associated with the clearing of land and connection to services

# Attachment 2 – Methodology for Determining Final Contract Value for Trunk Infrastructure Works

#### 1. Notice of Design with Operational Works

a) Upon lodgement of the development application for Operational Works, the applicant is to provide Council a formal Notice of Trunk Infrastructure Design (the *Notice of Design*), including a plan which clearly depicts the trunk infrastructure items that is the subject of the necessary trunk infrastructure condition. The plan may be in the same format as the operational works plan; however it must clearly distinguish the trunk infrastructure from any non-trunk infrastructure.

**Note:** The intent of the Notice of Design process is to attain early agreement as to the scope and nature of the trunk works generally described in the Development Approval.

- b) Council will assess the Notice of Design in conjunction with the Operation Works application and will advise the applicant if Council:
  - (i) agrees; or
  - (ii) agrees with conditions, or
  - (iii) disagrees with the Applicant's Notice of Design.
- c) Once a Design Approval is given which forms part of the Operational Works Approval and Permit, the applicant may then seek to tender the construction of the trunk works.

#### 2. Call for Tender Notification

- a) At the time that the applicant calls for public tenders for the trunk infrastructure works, a notice (a *Notice to Tender*) containing the following information is to be submitted to Council:
  - (i) Final detailed design documents;
  - (ii) A Bill of Quantities\* for the Trunk Works (no costs required) that matches the Trunk Works identified in the Operational Works Approval including the Notice of Design.
  - (iii) Notification of any prospective tenderers that the tender documents have been sent to specifically as part of the open public tender.
  - (iv) The criteria and process for tender assessment that the Applicant and the RPEQ will undergo.

\*Note: The bill of quantities should be presented as a 'separable portion' from the rest of the non-trunk (internal) development works, and in the same format it would be presented to tenderers as part of a tender process. Providing the information in this manner will ensure Council's assessment of the trunk infrastructure design, bill of quantities and costs is seamless and expedited.

#### 3. Tender Assessment of Trunk Works

- a) In procuring the Trunk Works, the following costs can be included in the offset/refund value:
  - (i) the cost of planning and designing the work;
  - (ii) the cost of survey and site investigation for the work;
  - the cost of relocation of services which are considered necessary to deliver the works in accordance with Council standards;
  - (iv) a cost (fixed or provisional) under a construction contract for the work;
  - (v) contract administration;
  - (vi) construction/engineering supervision;
  - (vii) a portable long service leave payment for a construction contract;
  - (viii) an insurance premium for the work;

- (ix) Council's inspection fee for the commencement and end of the maintenance period for the work;
- (x) the cost of an approval for the work;
- (xi) any variations agreed to by Council as a result of agreed site directions including the superintendent of works and the Council officer.
- b) The following is to be excluded from the offset/refund value of the trunk works:
  - (i) the cost of carrying out temporary infrastructure;
  - (ii) the cost of carrying out non-trunk infrastructure;
  - (iii) the cost of the decommissioning, removal and rehabilitation of infrastructure identified in (i) and (ii) above;
  - (iv) the part of the trunk infrastructure contribution provided by Council or a person other than the person seeking the infrastructure offset;
  - (v) a cost to the extent that GST is payable and an input tax credit can be claimed for the work;
  - (vi) the cost of carrying out relocation or rehabilitation works for existing infrastructure not directly associated with the supply of trunk works.
- c) In procuring the trunk works, the applicant is to provide to Council a Notice (**Notice of Tender Assessment**) which identifies:
  - (i) the tender process conducted;
  - (ii) the tenders received including separable portions and contract values for trunk works within the bill of quantities;
  - (iii) the applicant's preferred tenderer;
  - (iv) the applicant's reason(s) for the preferred tenderer in a tender evaluation report;
  - (v) the terms of the proposed work contract;
  - (vi) a plan for each infrastructure network clearly showing the extent of the works or land for which the infrastructure offset is sought.
- d) Within 10 business days of receiving a Notice of Tender Assessment, Council is to provide a Notice confirming the Contract Value, having regard to matters outlined in this section only.

#### 4. Reconciliation of Final Contract Value

A Reconciliation of Final Contract Value is to occur following lodgement of the earlier of:

- a) an application for 'On Maintenance' with Council for the Trunk Works; or
- b) Lodgement of an Uncompleted Works Bond.

If the Applicant has fully completed the Trunk Works and is seeking an 'On Maintenance' certificate from Council for the Trunk Works, the Applicant is to provide to Council a **Notice of Final Contract Value**. The Notice is to include the following:

- a) Copy of RPEQ Certificate(s) of Payment for each Progress Claim for the Trunk Works and any agreed variations;
- b) A reasonable amount of evidence to support any claimed and agreed variations (e.g. consultant reports, weigh bills, meeting minutes with Council officers, design details etc.)
- c) A consolidated Final Bill of Quantities in the same general format as was included in the Notice to Tender, but having regard for (a) and (b) above.

Within five (5) business days of Council's satisfaction that:

- 1. (a) and (b) above are consistent with the Design Approval and Notice of Tender Assessment; and
- 2. 'On Maintenance' being given by Council for the Trunk Works;

the Council is to confirm the Final Contract Value.

In certain circumstances, and at Council's full discretion, Council may accept a bond for Uncompleted Works prior to the Trunk Works being accepted as 'On Maintenance'. In this circumstance, the following will apply:

If the Applicant has <u>not</u> fully completed the Trunk Works and is seeking early Plan Sealing or compliance with Conditions from Council through the signing of an Uncompleted Works Deed, the Applicant is to provide a **Notice of Final Contract Value**. The Notice is to include the following:

- (a) Copy of an RPEQ Certificate of Payment for each Progress Claim for the Trunk Works and any agreed variations to the date of the calculation of remaining works for the purpose of the Uncompleted Works Bond;
- (b) A reasonable amount of evidence to support any claimed and agreed variations (e.g. consultant reports, weigh bills, meeting minutes with Council officers, design details etc.)
- (c) An RPEQ certified assessment in line with the quantities and costs of remaining works specified for the Trunk Works component in the Uncompleted Works Deed submitted to Council;
- (d) A consolidated Final Bill of Quantities in the same general format as was included in the Notice to Tender, but having regard for (a) and (b) above, and including the estimated amount in line with (c) above.

Within 5 business days of Council's satisfaction that:

- 1. (a) and (b) above are consistent with the Design Approval and Notice of Procurement;
- 2. The acceptance of an Uncompleted Works Deed by Council for the Trunk Works;

the Council is to confirm the Final Contract Value.

# Attachment 3 – Breakup Agreement

[Refer to attached Breakup Agreement between Council and the Distributor-retailer Authority (Urban Utilities)]



RECEIVED
Somerset Regional Council

- 5 SEP 2011

DOC ID.
ASSOC
BOX NO R

Department of Local Government and Planning

Our ref; MC11/2562 LG/11/2167

-2 SEP 2011

Mr Robert Bain Chief Executive Officer Somerset Regional Council PO Box 117 Esk QLD 4312

Dear Mr Bain

Re: Agreement on the split of infrastructure charges

Thank you for your letter of 15 June 2011.

I wish to confirm that the Department of Local Government and Planning has noted the agreement reached between Somerset Regional Council and Queensland Urban Utilities. As a result of the agreement, the default proportional split in the draft State planning regulatory provision released on 1 July 2011 does not apply to Somerset Regional Council and Queensland Urban Utilities.

If you require any further information, please contact Ms Natalie Wilde, Director, on 3239 6370 or by email at natalie.wilde@dlgp.qld.gov.au, who will be pleased to assist.

Yours sincerely

Jack Noye

**Director-General** 

Department of Local Government and Planning

Executive Building 100 George Street PO Box 15009 City East Queensland 4002 Telephone +61 7 3227 8548 Facsimile +61 7 3224 4683 Website www.dlgp.qld.gov.au



15<sup>th</sup> June 2011

The Hon. Paul Lucas MP
Department of Local Government & Planning
PO Box 15009
CITY EAST QLD 4002

Dear Sir

Subject: Maximum Infrastructure Charges Framework – Water and Sewerage

Infrastructure Standard Charge

Our Ref: LAND USE AND PLANNING - PLANNING - Services Infrastructure -

Doc Id. 567397 Your Ref:

I advise that Somerset Regional Council officers and Queensland Urban Utilities (QUU) have agreed to the infrastructure charges as per the attached table.

Council has not formerly adopted the charges, however they are aware of the negotiated amounts. It is intended that Council will adopt the infrastructure charges at the next Council meeting on 29<sup>th</sup> June 2011.

I trust this is sufficient for your purposes.

Yours sincerely

Robert Bain

Chief Executive Officer.

G:\LETTER\Rachel\2011-06-15 DIP. Maximum Infrastructure Charges Framework - Water and Sewerage Infrastructure Standard

Charge doc

# Somerset - Proposed QUU Charges Under Standard Charge Regime

# Residential

2011/2012

2012/2013

Type of development	Proposed QUU Component Charge			Proposed QUU Component Charge		
(Dwelling)	Water	Sewerage	Total	Water	Sewerage	Total
3+ Bedroom Dwelling	1,800	8,200	10,000	1,800	10,450	12,250
1-2 Bedroom Dwelling	1,300	7,700	9,000	1,300	7,700	9,000

# Non-Residential - Accommodation

Type of development	Proposed QUU Component Charge			Proposed QUU Component Charge			
(Dwelling)	Water	Sewerage	Total	Water	Sewerage	Total	
Short Term 3+ Bedroom Dwelling	. 900	4,100	5,000	900	5,225	6,125	
Short Term 1-2 Bedroom Dwelling	650	3,850	4,500	650	3,850	4,500	
Long Term 3+ Bedroom Dwelling	1,800	8,200	10,000	1,800	10,450	: 12,250	
Long Term 1-2 Bedroom Dwelling	1,300	7,700	9,000	1,300	7,700	9,000	

# Non-Residential - Other

Type of development	Proposed QUU Component Charge			Proposed QUU Component Charge		
(m2 GFA)	Water	Sewerage	Total	Water	Sewerage	Total
Assembly	. 4	21	25	4	. 21	25
Commercial (Bulk Goods)	9	54	63	9	54	63
Commercial (Retail)	9	54	63	} 9	54	63
Commercial (Office)	9	54	. 63	9	54	. 63
Education	9	54	63	9	54	63
Entertainment	9	54	63	9	54	63
Indoor Sport & Rec (non-court areas)	9	54	63	9	54	63
Indoor Sport & Rec (court areas)	1	· 4	. 5	1	' 4	5
Industry	4	21	25	4	21	25
High Impact Industry	6	34	40	6	34	40
Low Impact Rural	o	0	. o	0	[ o	0
High Impact Rural	NA NA	NA.	·NA	NA NA	l NA	NA
Essential Services	4	21	25	1 4	21	. 25
Specialist Uses	. individual	individual	individual	individual	individual	individual
Minor Uses	0	0	. 0	o	0	0

A Assumed no water or sewerage connection